THE JOURNAL OF BIOCHEMISTRY Published Monthly by THE JAPANESE BIOCHEMICAL SOCIETY

VOL. 149 NO. 1 JAN. 2011 JOBIAO 149 (1) 1–115



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Author Index

Damian G., 75 Deac F., 75 Ehata S., 55 Fischer-Fodor E., 75 Fukada S.-i., 43 Furukawa Y., 83 Goto Y., 67 Liu Z., 35 Griffin M.D.W., 67 Hara T., 43 Hoshino Y., 55 Howlett G.J., 67 Iacob B., 75 Ishikawa F., 5

Chi Y., 35

Ju J., 83 Katsuno Y., 55 Kitada S., 103 Koinuma D., 1 Kondo K., 91 Li W., 35 Lin X., 27 Liu M., 27 Liu Q., 35

Maruta S., 91 Matsuda R., 43 Matsuura E., 35 Minamino T., 83 Misono H., 83 Mitsui T., 91 Miyazono K., 1, 15, 55

Nabetani A., 5 Nakayama Y., 43 Namba K., 83 Nara N., 43 Ohnishi K., 83 Qiu L., 27 Ran Y., 49 Shimada H., 103 Silaghi-Dumitrescu R., 75

Suzuki H.I., 15 Teoh C.L., 67

Umeki N., 91 Umezu N., 91

Tokura Y., 43

Wu Š., 49 Xu S., 83 Yagi H., 67 Yamamoto H., 43 You Y., 49 Zhang F., 35

Wang D., 35

Wang R., 35

Zhang W., 27 Zhang Yingbiao, 35 Zhang Yong, 83 Zhao B., 83

COVER: Nature in Japan. Narcissus (Narcissus tazetta var. chinensis, Nihon-Suisen) in the Shinjuku Gyoen National Garden, Tokyo. Courtesy of Dr. A. Takahashi.

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References cited in the text should be numbered in parentheses with italicized Arabic numerals in order of appearance. References to "unpublished experiments" and "personal communications" should appear parenthetically in the text following the name(s) of the source of information [(Yamada, T., personal communication), (Suzuki, M. and Yoshida, M., unpublished observations) *etc.*]. Be sure to verify the wording of any personal communication with the person who supplied the information and get his approval for the use of his name in connection with the quoted information. All references should be listed in numerical order typed double-spaced on a separate sheet under the heading REFERENCES. Please note the following examples.

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- Sanger, F., Nicklen, S., and Coulson, A.R. (1977) DNA sequencing with chain-terminating inhibitors. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 74, 5463–5467
- (2) For a chapter in an edited book:
 - Messing, J. (1983) New M13 vectors for cloning in *Methods in Enzymology* (Wu, R., Grossman, L., and Moldave, K., eds.) Vol. 101, pp. 20–51, Academic Press, New York
- (3) For a book by one or more authors:
 - Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E.F., and Maniatis, T. (1989) Molecular Cloning. A Laboratory Manual pp. 1339–1341, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY

Text citations to references written by more than two authors should be styled for example as, Smith *et al.* In the reference list, however, the names of all authors (with initials) must be given. If an article has been accepted for publication by a journal but has not yet appeared in print, the reference should be styled as follows:

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Figure legends and brief titles should be prepared for each figure. The figure legends should be provided after the reference list, with sufficient experimental detail to make the figure intelligible without reference to the text (unless the same material has been given with a previous figure, or in the Experimental Procedures section). The title should be provided along with the respective figure legend in bold script.

7. Nucleotide Sequence

New nucleotide data must be submitted and deposited in the DDBJ/ EMBL/GenBank databases and an accession number obtained before the paper can be accepted for publication. Submission to any one of the three collaborating databanks is sufficient to ensure data entry in all. The accession number should be included in the manuscript *e.g.*, as a footnote on the title page: "Note: Nucleotide sequence data reported are available in the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank data-bases under the accession number(s)...". If requested, the database will withhold release of data until publication. The most convenient method for submitting sequence data is by World Wide Web:

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EMBL via WEBIN: http://www.ebi.ac.uk/embl/Submission/webin.html

GenBankTM via Banklt: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Banklt/

or stand-alone submission tool

Sequin: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Sequin/

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Database Contact Information

- DDBJ: Center for Information Biology and DNA Data Bank of Japan National Institute of Genetics, 1111 Yata, Mishima, Shizuoka 411-8540, JAPAN; telephone: +81 559 81 6853; fax: +81 559 81 6849; e-mail: ddbj@ddbj.nig.ac.jp; web URL: http://www.ddbj.nig.ac.jp/
- EMBL: EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Submissions, European Bioinformatics Institute, Wellcome Trust Genome Campus, Hinxton, Cambridge DB10 1SD U.K.; telephone: +44 1223 494499; fax: +44 1223 494472; e-mail: datasubs@ebi.ac.uk; web URL: http:// www.ebi.ac.uk
- GenBank: National Center for Biotechnology Information, National Library of Medicine, Bldg. 38A, Rm 8N-803, Bethesda, MD 20894, U.S.A.; telephone: +1 301 496 2475; fax: +1 301 480 9241; e-mail: info@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov; web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov

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- 1. Tables should be drawn on separate pages and numbered consecutively in Roman numerals. For aid in designing tables in acceptable style, refer to current issues of the Journal.
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- 3. Indicate units of measure clearly.
- 4. Footnotes to tables should be kept to a minimum and should be indicated by superscript lower cases, at the bottom of the table.
- 5. Table must be submitted as .DOC, .RTF, Excel or PowerPoint files.

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For simple molecules, the labeling is indicated by writing the chemical formulae with the prefix superscripts attached to the correct atomic symbols in the formulae: *e.g.* ¹⁴CO₂, $H_2^{18}O$, ²H₂O. Square brackets should not be used for them, or when the isotopic symbol is attached to a word that is not a specific chemical name, abbreviation or symbol: *e.g.* ¹³¹I-labeled, ¹⁴C-sugar, ¹⁴C-steroids, ³²PO₄³⁻, but [³²P]-phosphate.

5. Spectrophotometric Data—Beer's law may be stated as $A = -\log T = \varepsilon lc$

Where A is the absorbance; T, the transmittance $(-I/I_0)$; ε , the molar absorption coefficient; c, the concentration of the absorbing substances in moles per liter; and l, the length of the optical path in centimeters. Under these conditions ε has the dimensions liter \cdot mol⁻¹ \cdot cm⁻¹ or more briefly $M^{-1} \cdot cm^{-1}$ (not cm⁻ \cdot mol⁻¹). Do not use "O.D." and "E."

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-Supplement Eur. J. Biochem. 223, 1-5 (1994).

- -Supplement 2 Eur. J. Biochem. 232, 1-6 (1995).
- -Supplement 3 Eur. J. Biochem. 237, 1-5 (1996).
- -Supplement 4 Eur. J. Biochem. 250, 1-6 (1997).

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- 7. Abbreviations of Units of Measurement and Physical and Chemical Quantities—These abbreviations listed in Table I may be used without definition.

TABLE I

(1) Prefixes to the names of units	2
tera 10^{12} T	milli 10^{-3} m
giga 10 ⁹ G	micro 10^{-6} µ
mega 10^6 M	nano 10^{-9} n
kilo 0^3 k	pico 10^{-12} p
Deci 10^{-1} deci (not d)	femto 10^{-15} f
centi 10^{-2} c ¹	atto 10^{-18} a
(2) Units of Concentration ²⁾	
molar (moles/liter)	М
millimolar (millimoles/liter)	mM (not 10^{-3} M)
micromolar (micromoles/liter)	μM (or 10 ⁻⁶ M)
nanomolar (nanomoles/liter)	nM (or $\times 10^{-9}$ M)
picomolar (picomoles/liter)	pM (or $\times 10^{-12}$ M)
(3) Units of Length	
meter	m
centimeter	cm
millimeter	mm
micrometer (not micron)	μm (not μ)
nanometer	nm (not µ)
Ångstrom (0.1 nm)	Å
(4) Units of Area and Volume	
square centimeter	cm ²
cubic centimeter	cm ³
liter	l (in tables only)
milliliter	ml
microliter	μ l (not λ)
(5) Units of Mass	
gram	g (kg, mg, μg [not γ], ng, pg)
dalton ³⁾	Da
(6) Units of Time	
hour h year	yr
minute min month	mo
second s week	wk
day	d
(7) Units of Radioactivity	
becquerel	Bq (= 1 dps or $60 dpm$)
counts per minute	cpm
curie(s)	$\dot{Ci} = 3.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ Bq}$
disintegrations per minute	dpm
(8) Other Units	1
mole	mol (mmol, µmol, nmol, pmol)
degree Celsius	°C
degree absolute (kelvin)	K
joule	J
kilojoule	kJ
calorie	cal
kilocalorie	kcal
parts per billion	ppb
parts per million	ppm
cycles per second (hertz)	Hz (not cps)
equivalent	eq
ampere	A (mA)
ohm	Ω
Jiiii	

see also Eur. J. Biochem. 213, 1-3 (1993).

INSTRUCTIONS TO AUTHORS

volt	V
gauss	G
pascal	Ра
revolutions per minute	rpm
Svedberg unit of sedimentation	S
coefficient $(10^{-13} s)$	
(9) Physical and Chemical Quantities	
absorbance	A
equilibrium constant	Κ
rate constant	k
maximum velocity	$V_{\rm max}$
Michaelis constant	K _m
equilibrium dissociation constant	Kd
isoelectric point	pI
molecular weight ³⁾	M _r
retardation factor	R_f
acceleration of gravity	g
specific rotation	$\left[\alpha\right]_{\lambda}^{t}$
partial specific volume	v
diffusion constant	D
sedimentation coefficient	S
density	ρ
sedimentation coefficient	$s_{20,w}^{0}$
in water at 20°C,	~20,w
extraporated to zero	
concentration	
Gibbs energy change	ΔG
entropy change	ΔS
enthalpy change	ΔH
melting temperature	$T_{\rm m}$
(10) Other Terms	1 m
logarithm	log
logarithm (natural)	ln
standard deviation of a series	SD
standard error of mean of series	SE
standard error of mean of series	SL

¹⁾ To be avoided where possible (except for cm).

²⁾ Terms such as milligram percent (mg%) should not be used. Weight concentrations should be given as g/ml, g/100 ml, *etc.*

³⁾Molecular weight is dimensionless. Only molecular mass is expressed by daltons.

 Accepted Abbreviations and Symbols—Authors may use, without definition, the abbreviations given in Table II and the symbols and abbreviations for amino acid or nucleotide residues in polymers or sequences. Define other abbreviations in a single footnote on the title page.

TABLE II

(1) General	
Adenosine 3':5'-cyclic monophosphate	cAMP
Adenosine 5'-mono-, di, and triphosphates ¹⁾	AMP, ADP, and ATP
Adenosine triphosphatase	ATPase
Base pair(s)	bp
Bovine serum albumin	BSA
O-(Carboxymethyl)	CM-
Circular dichroism	CD
Coenzyme A and its acyl derivatives	CoA (or CoASH)
	and acyl-CoA
Complementary DNA	cDNA
Cyclic AMP	cAMP
Cyclic GMP	cGMP
Cytidine diphosphate choline, etc.	CDP-choline, etc.
Cytidine 5'-mono-, di-, and triphosphates	CMP, CDP, and CTP
Deoxyribonuclease	DNase
Deoxyribonucleic acid	DNA
O-(Diethylaminoethyl)	DEAE-
Dithiothreitol	DTT
Electron paramagnetic resonance	EPR
Electron spin resonance	ESR
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid	EDTA
[Ethylenebis(oxyethlenenitrilo)]-tetraacetic	EGTA
acid	

Flavin-adenine dinucleotide and its fully FAD and FADH₂ reduced form Flavin mononucleotide and its fully reduced FMN and FMNH₂ form Fourier transform FT GC-MS Gas chromatography-mass spectrometry Gas liquid chromatography GLC Glutathione and its oxidized form GSH and GSSG Guanosine 3':5'-cyclic monophosphate cGMP Guanosine 5'-mono-, di-, and triphosphates GMP, GDP, and GTP Guanosine triphosphatase GTPase Hemoglobin Hb hnRNA Heterogenous nuclear RNA High performance (pressure) liquid HPLC chromatography 4-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-1-piperazineethane-HEPES sulfonic acid Immunoglobulin Ig (IgG, IgM, etc.) Infrared IR Inorganic orthophosphate Pi Inorganic pyrophosphate PP: Inosine 5'-mono-, di-, and triphosphates IMP. IDP. and ITP Kilobases kb Kilobase pairs kbp Lethal dose, 50% LD_{50} Messenger RNA mRNA NAD⁺ and NADH²⁾ Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide and its reduced form NADP⁺ and Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate and its reduced form NADPH²⁾ Nuclear magnetic resonance NMR Nuclear RNA nRNA Optical rotatory dispersion ORD P- or -P Phosphoric acid residue ψ and ψ MP Pseudouridine and pseudouridine mono-nucleotide Polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis PAGE Poly(A)3) Poly(adenylic acid), polyadenylate³⁾ Polymerase chain reaction PCR RFLP Restriction fragment length polymorphism RNase Ribonuclease RNA Ribonucleic acid Ribosomal RNA rRNA Ribosylthymine 5'-mono-, di-, and TMP, TDP, and triphosphates TTP Sodium dodecyl sulfate SDS Thin layer chromatography TLC Thymidine (2'-deoxyribosylthymine) dTMP, dTDP, 5'-mono-, di-, and triphosphates Transfer RNA and dTTP4) tRNA Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane Tris UV Ultraviolet Uridine diphosphate glucose, etc. UDP-glucose, etc. Uridine 5'-mono-, di-, and triphosphates UMP, UDP, and UTP (2) Amino acids Alanine Ala (A) Arginine Arg (R) Asparagine Asn (N) Aspartic acid (D) Asp Aspartic acid or asparagine Asx (B) Cysteine Cys (C) Glutamic acid Glu (E) Glutamine Gln (Q) Glutamic acid or glutamine Glx (Z) Glycine Gly (G) Histidine His (H) Isoleucine Ile (I) Leucine Leu (L) Lysine Lys (K) Methionine Met (M) Phenylalanine Phe (F) Pro (P) Proline Serine Ser (S) Threonine Thr (T) Tryptophan Trp (W)

Tyrosine Valine	Tyr (Y) Val (V)
(3) Nucleic acids	vai (v)
Adenosine	А
Bromouridine	BrUrd or B
Cytidine	С
Dihydrouridine	D or hU
Guanosine	G
Inosine	Ι
6-Mercaptopurine ribonucleoside	M or sI
(6-thioinosine)	
'a nucleoside'	Nuc or N
Pseudouridine	ψ or Q^a
'a purine nucleoside'	R
'a pyrimidine nucleoside'	Y
Thiouridine	S or sU
Thymidine (2'-deoxyribosylthymine)	dT
Uridine	U
Xanthosine	Х
Phosphoric residue	-P or p

¹⁾ The various isomers of adenosine monophosphate may be written 2'-AMP, 3'-AMP, or 5'-AMP (in case of possible ambiguity). A similar procedure may be applied to other nucleoside or deoxyribonucleoside monophosphates.

²⁾ NAD(P)⁺ and NAD(P)H indicate either NAD⁺ or NADP⁺ and either NADH or NADPH, respectively.

³⁾ Similarly abbreviate oligo- and polynucleotides composed of repeating sequences or of unknown sequence of given purine or pyrimidine bases, *e.g.* oligothymidylate, oligo(dT); alternating copolymer of A and U, poly(A-U); random copolymer of A and U, poly(A,U).

⁴⁾ The d prefix may be used to represent the corresponding deoxyribonucleoside phosphates, *e.g.* dADP.

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- 6. The online submission software (ScholarOne Manuscripts) will automatically create a single PDF document containing your main text and reduced-resolution versions of any figures and tables you have submitted. This document will be used when your manuscript undergoes peer review. Your submitted files will appear in this PDF sequentially, as specified by you on the submission page, and you will have an opportunity to enter figure captions/legends and to check the PDF proof prior to final submission. Please make sure that you proof the converted pdf file so no material is missing, and there are no conversion errors.

SUBMITTING YOUR MANUSCRIPT

- Now that your files are ready, visit the online submission web-site. (http://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/jb).
- 2. First, you will need to log into the system.
 - Note: Before you begin, you should be sure you are using an up-todate version of Netscape or Internet Explorer. If you have an earlier version, you can download a free upgrade using the icons found at the bottom of the 'Instructions and Forms' section of the online submission web site.
 - (i) If you know your login details (i.e. you have submitted or reviewed a manuscript on this system before), use your User ID and Password to log on.
 - (ii) If this is the first time you are using this system, or have forgotten your login details, check to see if you are already registered by typing your e-mail address in the field of "password Help". If your account already exists in the system, temporary password will be sent to your mailbox.
 - (iii) If you are not already registered, you can register by clicking on the 'Create Account' button on the login screen and following the on-screen instructions.
 - (iv) If you have trouble finding manuscripts or have other problems with your account, do not create another account. Instead, please contact the Journal's Editorial Office.
- 3. To submit a new manuscript, go to the 'Author Center', and then follow the on-screen instructions. There are up to 7 steps for you to follow to submit your manuscript. You move from one step to the next by clicking on the 'Save and Continue' button on each screen or back to the previous screen by clicking on the 'Save and Go Back' button. Please note that if you click on the 'Back' or 'Forward' button on your browser, the information you have entered will not be saved. At any stage you can stop the submission process by clicking on the 'Main Menu' button. Everything you have typed into the system will be saved, and the partially completed submission will appear under 'unsubmitted manuscripts' in your 'Author Center'. To return to the submission process you will need to click on the button 'Continue Submission' against the relevant manuscript title. You can also click the underlined steps listed in the left hand of each screen to jump back and forth to the screen you need to edit.
- 4. Please enter your manuscript data into the relevant fields, following the detailed instructions given at the top of each page. You may like to have the original word processing file available so that you can copy and paste the title and abstract into the required fields. You will also be required to provide email addresses for your co-authors, so please have these to hand when you log on to the site.
- 5. When you come to upload your manuscript files via the '#6 File Upload' screen: Enter individual files using the 'Browse' buttons below and select the appropriate 'File content' type.
 - (i) Select the document's designation from the pull-down menu. (Please designate whether the file is a Main Document, Figure (Black and White), Figure (Color), Table, and Supplementary File.) If you do not wish a document to be included as part of the consolidated PDF used for peer review, please designate it as a 'supplementary file'.
 - Upload your files by clicking on the 'Upload files' button. This converts your files to a PDF and may take several minutes. Repeat these steps until you have uploaded all your files.
 - (iii) When the upload of each file is completed, you will see a confirmation window and will be prompted to provide figure legends and 'file tags' that will link figures to texts in the HTML proof of your main document.

- (iv) Once you have uploaded all files, indicate the order in which they should appear in your paper. This will determine the order in which they appear in the consolidated PDF used for peer review.
- (v) After the successful upload of your text and images, you will need to view and proof your manuscript. Please do this by clicking on the blue HTML button and a PDF button.
- (vi) If the files have not been uploaded to your satisfaction, go back to the file upload screen where you can remove the files you do not want, and repeat the upload process.
- 6. When you are satisfied with the uploaded manuscript proof, click on 'Save and Continue' which will take you to the 'Review & Submit' screen. The system will check that you have completed all the mandatory fields and that you have viewed your manuscript proof. It will also present you with a summary of all the information you have provided and give you a final chance to edit it. When you have finished reviewing this information press 'Submit'.
- 7. After the manuscript has been submitted you will see a confirmation screen and receive an email confirmation stating that your manuscript has been successfully submitted. This will also give the assigned manuscript number, which is used in all correspondence. If you do not receive this, your manuscript will not have been successfully submitted to the journal and the paper cannot progress to peer review. If this is the case your manuscript will still be sitting in the 'Unsubmitted Manuscript's section of your 'Author Center' awaiting your attention.
- 8. If you return to your 'Author Center' you will notice that your newly submitted manuscript can be found in the 'Submitted Manuscripts' area. Among the information listed there, the 'Status' section provides information on the status of your manuscript as it moves through the review process.

SUBMITTING A REVISED MANUSCRIPT

- Please supply your revised paper through the online submission website using your User ID and Password to log-on—remember that these are both case-sensitive. Log on to the online submission website and, in the 'Author Center', click on 'Manuscripts with Decisions' under 'My Manuscripts'. You will then see a list of all manuscripts you have submitted where the editors have been able to make a decision.
- 2. Find the manuscript you wish to revise and click on the link 'create a revision' in the 'Actions' column. This will initiate a revised-submission process that prompts you to respond to the points made by the Editors and/or reviewers. Continue to follow the 7-step submission process, providing information when prompted.
- Please note: All the files from your previous submission will have been retained by the system. So, when you reach the 'File Upload' screen (Step #6), you will need to delete any files that are no longer needed or need replacing with revised versions.

Getting help

If you experience any problems during the online submission process, please consult the Author's User Guide which provides more detailed submission instructions, and 'movie tutorials' explaining how to submit your paper. Alternatively, please contact the Journal's Editorial Office who will be pleased to assist you.